"The solveme and controlling aim of missionary work is to make the Lord Jesus Christ known to all men astheir divine Saviour and to persuade them to become his disciples; to gather these disciples into Christian churches which shall be self-supporting, self-propagating, and self-governing; to share with these churches in the evangelizing of their countrymen and of the world, and in bringing to bear on all human life the spirit and principles of Christ."

Manday by the count date of too de

I listened one day as I have listened thousands of

times on a Sunday norming to a little con regation singing has the way for minded Africa.

A lyran. But this bunday was different. We were behind the bamboo curtain in Communist China. There was a communist soldier sitting in one of the pews, watching, his meeterd-yellow uniform conspicuous against the sober blue clothes of the congregation. The paster's brother-in-law was in jail. A good part of his congregation had fled when the communists took the city. The rest were gathered here in the little church to worship God, faithful and a little feared, not knowing what darkness the future held for turn.

but this is the hyan they sang, and as they sang, fear left the room.

"Josus shall reign where er the sun Both his successive journeys ran; lis hinglos stretch from share to shore Till moons shall wax and want no more."

Didn't they how may better, those simple Christians? Didn't they know that the kinguou was shrinking, and the the character retreating, and Christians smaking at the rise of a rough new conquering faith? If the communists could take China, why not the whole world, and where then would their

Jesus reign?

It the fait to on that hom.

Dut still these Chinese Unistians sang. They say

of people and realms of every tonque. They same of every the same in faith, of his faith they hard the of the core wings, and in their singing they not only proved

hyper come true - for Jesus' did neign there in hearts that unships him, I not all the darken shadows and their could take thin from the thome they made for this is their hearts.

over

it takes faith to any That hymn. It took faith for those, then as assert - I go at with a condition of forther proper were women than been as assert - I go at with faith a black as h. Butholi had just justed it - it take faith to old up - I sign, as they did - that James would reign attend that whale to old up - I sign, as they did - that James would reign attend that whale black would.

But it totes no more faith to any it today than it did to write it 230 years ago. In fact it is a good deal casies - What did I scale Watts mean back in 1719

And in the west 70 pm. Hers misin was a failing -So Xdom actilled back to hister cont-tedly while fame preaders told them. " It is nacloss to by to consunt sanges

Only me little denomination could about the weld. In glad you paid then a tribute yesterby. They were the Moranias. They were the Moranias. They were the forabin - the hatric fige. They had the andearty

Now it is almost obvious fait. Follow the sun -d. the mild today -

with an Englishman, the author of the hymn, a man who had lived to and a half centuries before them and on the other side of the world. There is no ruce or space or time in

Christ.

At each it the same faith to write that home in the did to write it 230 yrs. 90.

12: 1/19 as it did to sing it in thing in 1950. What did Isaac neck than in 17/4

Watts mean, talking about desus' reigning around the world?

Weren't turcpe and America enough of a kingdom for Jesus? There were two world then, a heathen world and a Christian world, and

That the two claim't mix, except for ousiness and politics. The

in its own seems territories, and purhaps for a few conquered a he hape.

savages, There were only eight Protestant foreign missionaries

in the whole world! I And hi the next 70 yrs. their mission was a failing.

If neelly took faith, the & on "Veras shall neigh sheres..." Today it has
Seventy years later a cobbler put an open Dible in front to

of a putched-leather map of the world. His Pible, there in the Path that set Isaac wable to singing, said:

"He shall have dominion from soa to sea,
And from the river unto the ends of the earth...
She shall spare the poor and needy,
And shall save the sould of the needy...
His name shall be continued as long as the sun...
Let the whole earth be filled with his glory." 2

-ut his map said scentiling differents else. William Garey, the Laptist coobler, figured roughly back there in 1792 that there were 731,000,000 people in the world. Only 174,000,000 were Christians (No.an Catholies 100,000,000,

frith to July Know X

^{1.} The Danish-Malle mission to India. The Anglican and Presbyterian missioneries of that time were what would now be called home missionaries.

^{2.} Psalm 72: 8,13,17,19

Follow the Son and the finded tody you can do it was two for 5-5-5

are an King. You said the it. Ever when the opposited described minima tired any and pass on

[KIN 12] & GREY TORVELDIESS, Dut they are there's and they belong

to the oldest and strongest and most wide-special deliminiship the world has ever known, the people of God, the Charch of series Christ.

There are almost as many Christians today as there were people in the world of William Carry. Cas-chird of the world is Christians—about 700,000,000 out of a total population of a population

 Remain Satisation
 331,000,000

 Protestants
 207,000,000

 Opts
 10,000,000

Jut don't glory too wush in these global statistics. After

all, the world has been growing too, and only God, who looks on Dut whorever 2 or 3 are gathered together in his name, there is Christ in the heart, hous how many real Unristians there are. Hore the midst of them.

similicant than manbers is "the great new fact of our time,"

the fact that at last and for the first time in history, Protestants

we have a world-wide Church with a world-wide mission.

It is not an American Church with a mission to China, or an English or Canddian Church with a mission to the South Sens.

Too many people are still thinking in those terms, but Christianity is no made-in-Incries product. And it cannot be stamped, "For 'Emport was Culy." The Church and its mission are both world-wide, and they cut both ways.

Su jose the Charch is triped out of China. Sup use it is wiped of the face of the globe except for one little part, say, the tiry paninsula of Korea. If that should happen, debert F.

^{1.} World Christian Handbook, World Dominion Fress, London, 1949,

Lenner, The Health

On that mission we sent 75,000 missionaries abroad in the 100 years from 1833 to 1933; and for every missionary who had ever been sent to the field, there were 110 national Christians in the strong young churches that have made us a world church. I don't know any record to compare with that in the history of Christendom. For every missionary--110 new Christians in the Church. Do you know what the comparison is in America. Instead of 1 to 110, its about 1 to 2; it takes 54 American Christians a whole year to bring one new convert to Jesus Christ.

But before we turn from this rapid survey of the Mission, notice two weaknesses:

l. It is badly divided: break down that grand total of 700 million, and it is not quite asmagnificent asit sounds:

Roman Catholic	331,000,000	Luth. 90,000,000
Protestant	206,000,000	Bapt. 25,000,000
Orthodox	14,000,000	Meth. 23,000,000
Copt	10,000,000	Presb. 22,000,000
	•	Angl. 20-25,0000,

2. It is badly out of balance:

Of the 700 million Christians, about half are crowded into the tiny continent of Europe, a continent with a great past but a doubtful future. While Asia, the largest continent, holding half of all the people in the world hasonly one-tenth as many Christians. In fact the churches of 7 New York cities, would hold all the church members in Asia.

(N.Y.C. church members: 4,245,000 Asia: 23,700,000 Rom. Cath; 4,300,000 Prot. church members)

This is how unbalanced the world's Christian population is:

I III I IS a church member,	T III 1/2 IO
1 in 2 "	lin 3
1 in 12	1 in 33
	1 in 120
l in 100	l in 386
	l in 2 " l in 12 l in 1.5

Jesus may reign where er the sun doth his successive journeys run-at least there are Christian all around the world, but on that basis, the sun is spending too much time in Europe and North America; The instant and shamefully sharping Asia, and Africa, and Latin America.

So much for the survey, now for the obstacles. Come on in out of the sunshine, and look at the shadows, for a while.

When I first went to China I was seen convinced that the greatest single obstacle blocking the World Christian Mission was the Chinese language. In this I found myself in agreement with at least one early missionary who declared disgustedly, "The Chinese language was invented by the devil to keep the gospel out of China." I was wrong, of course. The devil has a better invention to keep the gospel out of China—that is sin, and I would be a poor Christian

if I gave four lectures on obstacles facing the World Mission of the Church, without pointing out that whatever other names I give these obstacles, there is one stubborn, root factor in them all, namely the sin of the human heart in rebellion against its God.

But the history of Missions has conditioned us to think of obstacles to the spread of the faith in two general categories:

- l. the geographical and political barriers thrown up by hostile governments or tribes to prevent the free entrance of the gospel into lands never penetrated and still closed to the faith. That is the first classical obstacle: the closed land, the unreached field. Afghanistan, Tibet, Nepal, Outer Mongolia. The unreached heart of South America—the greatest stretch of unevangelized territory left in the world, stretching from the valleys of the Amazon to the heights of the Andes. The lure of these lands to the Christian missionary is like the lure of Mt. Everest and the unclimbed peaks of the Himalayas to the mountain climber. But the frontier is vanishing in Christian geography as well as in secular geography. There aren't many unreached lands &eft. And there are more unreached people outside them now, than in them. The day of the missionary explorer and pioneer is just about over.
- 2. The second classical obstacle in mission history is the religious barrier thrown up against the impact of a new faith, Xty, against by the ancient, ethnic religions: Confucianism, Buddhism, Taoism, Shintoism, and Hinduism.

I do not want to mimimize the continuing power of these ancient faiths, but I cannot believe they are any longer the major obstacles blocking the Christian World Mission. In the first place, they are dying faiths. I cannot remember talking to a single really convinced Buddhist or Confucianist in all my work in China; and the communist government is so contemptuous of them that they have dropped Confucian classics from the school curriculum without a voice raised in their behalf, and they invited only one Buddhist representative to join the Pople's Political Consultative Conf.

to join the Pople's Political Consultative Conf.

It seems quite apparent, therefore, that the classical obstacles to the World Mission are no longer the major blocks to the triumph of the Christian faith, with one possible exception, which I will note. The startling fact facing any missionary today as he takes stock of knexusjanxobstacles his chances is this: our major obstacles today are of our own making. Every one of them, if you will allow me some latitude of definition, had its starting point within the Christian faith. The four major obstacles of which I am thinking are these:

Islam
Roman Catholicism
Communism
Ourselves

Islam deserves more attention than I am going to give it. It is the exception that I noted above, for it is one of the classical obstacles. But it is not one of the ancient, ethnic heathen faiths. It is younger than Christianity, a reversion, a corruption, a Christian heresy. "There are only three things to your faith that I cannot accept," said the Moslem Imam of Ngaondere to an African missionary:

1. That there is an image of God in man

2. That Jesus is the Son of God.

3. That he died on the cross.

There are just two comments that I can make here about the obstacle of Islam:

1. The familiar comment—it is the most impenetrable obstacle we face. Moslem work is the hardest work in the world. There are converts by the millions from other faiths. Converts from Islam are rarer than diamonds.

a. Missionary from N. Africa, 16 yrs., 2 converts; switched to black Africa, 100 converts the first year.

b. Arabia, 11 million people, 40 Christians. Forbidden to speak openly of Christianity

An old missionary to Algeria, says key verse of Moslem missions: "We have fished all night and caught nothing..." And Russ Stevenson adds, "The missionary to the Moslems must leave his stop-wqtch and adding machine at home. The world of Islam is a hard, hard rock blocking the progress of the gospel.

2. Most people forget there is another side to Islam: its own missionary side. It alone of the old classic faiths is a missionary religion.

a. How can we forget that in 7th century the sword of Islam slipped out of its desert scabbard and slashed away and destroyed one-half of the Christian church of its time. Egypt was then 90% Christian. Today is is 90% Moslem. Did you know there is a Moslem country in Xn Europe. Not Turkey. Albania: 60% Moslem

country in Xn Europe. Not Turkey. Albania: 69% Moslem.
b. But don't relax and say, "That was 1300 years ago." Fisten:
the Mohammedans are taking Africa away from us. Some time ago it
was reported that while Xns in 200 years made 6 million converts in
Africa; the Moslems made 20,000,000. We're proud of converting one-fifth
of Africa to Christ; the Moslem have converted one-third of it. In
Sierra Leone, one of our more successful mission fields, they say
that forevery pagan who turns Xn, there are 10 who turn Moslem.
Even in China, which we have been trying to win for several hundred
years longer than the Moslems, they outnumber us 5 to 1,